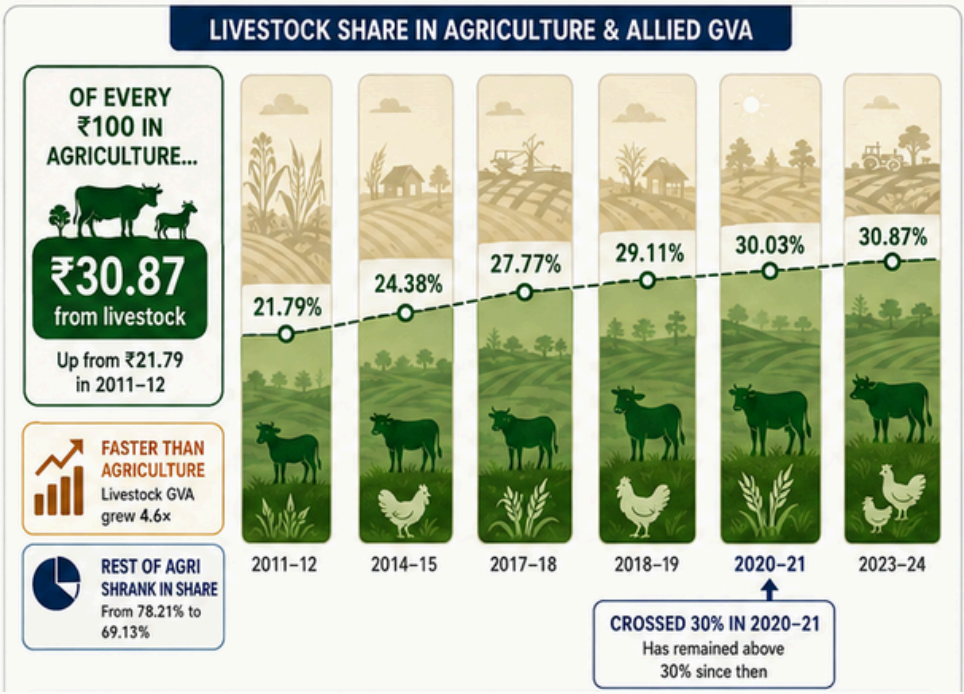
Livestock Takes A Bigger Agri Slice

Livestock now contributes nearly ₹31 of every ₹100 generated by India's Agriculture & Allied sector, up from ₹21.79 twelve years earlier.

21.79%	30.87%	9.08 pts	30%	2.13 pts
OF AGRI GVA 2011-12, Current Prices	OF AGRI GVA 2023-24, Current Prices	SHARE GAIN in 12 years	2020-21 30% crossed first time	TO ONE-THIRD still to go



- **Nearly one rupee in three —** livestock is 30.87% of India's agricultural GVA (2023-24), its single biggest component.
- **+9 points in twelve years —** up from 21.8% in 2011-12: a structural shift, not a blip.
- **The rest is receding —** everything else in agriculture (crops, fishery, forestry) slipped from 78% to 69% of the farm economy as livestock rose.
- **From supplement to mainstay —** what was once a household add-on now anchors Indian agriculture.

Source: BAHS 2025, DAHD, GoI; MoSPI National Accounts, GFST Analysis.

The Engine of Agricultural Growth

Indian agriculture isn't growing evenly. One part is consistently outpacing the rest — and it isn't crops.

- **A 9-point structural shift:** livestock's share of Agriculture & Allied GVA increased from 21.79% to 30.87%, a gain of 9.08 percentage points.
- **Livestock grew faster than agriculture:** livestock GVA expanded 4.6×, compared with 3.25× for Agriculture & Allied GVA; the rest of agriculture grew about 2.87×.
- **The 30% barrier has already fallen:** livestock first crossed 30% in 2020–21 (30.03%) and has remained above that mark since.
- **India's farm economy is rebalancing:** activities outside livestock fell from 78.21% to 69.13% of Agriculture & Allied GVA—not because they shrank, but because livestock grew faster.
- **The next symbolic landmark is one-third:** livestock is now only 2.13 percentage points short of contributing one-third of Agriculture & Allied GVA.

Data Table

Year	Livestock GVA (₹ Lakh Cr)	Agriculture & Allied GVA (₹ Lakh Cr)	Livestock Share
2011–12	3.27	15.02	21.79%
2012–13	3.69	16.75	22.02%
2013–14	4.23	19.26	21.94%
2014–15	5.10	20.94	**24.38%**
2015–16	5.82	22.28	26.15%
2016–17	6.73	25.19	26.70%
2017–18	7.86	28.30	**27.77%**
2018–19	8.82	30.30	29.11%
2019–20	9.78	33.69	29.03%
2020–21	**11.13**	**37.07**	**30.03%**
2021–22	12.38	41.00	30.21%
2022–23	13.65	44.49	30.67%
2023–24	**15.06**	**48.78**	**30.87%**

Source: BAHS 2025, DAHD, GoI; MoSPI National Accounts, GFST Analysis.